The ‘Barncleuch’ Puritan Spoon
An important Scottish 17th century puritan spoon

Sold for £34,800.00*

By Colin Fraser of Lyon & Turnbull Auctioneers, Edinburgh on 16th August 2010

Description
By George Cleghorne, Edinburgh 1653 - 1655, Deacon Andrew Burrell, the tapered stem with three V cut notches to terminal and incised decoration to stem above large oval bowl, the reverse with large zig zag assay scrape and bottom marked, the reverse of the bowl with short V shaped rat tail and engraved with contemporary initials 'QH / MD'. 19.2cm; 65g. Estimate: £12,000-15,000.

Provenance
• Reputedly found in the gardens of Barncleuch House.
• Thence by descent.
• Sotheby’s Gleneagles, 30th August 1982 lot 483 (front and back illustrated).
• Private Collection

Exhibited
• Silver; Made In Scotland item 3.47, National Museums of Scotland 2008

References
• Compendium of Scottish Silver, volume 1 page 239, R & J Dietert.
• Silver; Made In Scotland, page 52, item 3.47, piece and marks illustrated, G Dalgleish & H Steuart Fothringham

Notes
The survival of Scottish Puritan spoons is surprisingly rare when compared to the same style and period of English examples. To date only nine hallmarked or provincial examples are known and this example being the earliest.

It is unknown why this pattern should be so rare in Scotland when it is such a standard and comparably common pattern in English silver. It must be considered that a large number have been melted down and re-fashioned throughout their history or lost. However even when compared to the other patterns of early Scottish flatware their survival still seems remarkably small.

Even within such a small survival fashions and trends can be noticed. While following the English examples the Scottish made pieces do show variation.

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Due to its early manufacture this piece must be considered one of the plainer examples, virtually without additional decoration to the stem, other than the almost standard three ‘V’ cut notches to terminal, the addition of the simple incised decoration above the bowl being its only additional adornment, unique to this spoon.

For a full listing of currently recorded Scottish Puritan spoons see ‘An important new discovery in early Scottish silver’, The Finial September/October 2008.

Another interesting angle to this spoon are the engraved owners initials to the reverse of the bowl; with the original source of Barnacleuch, it does appear that the upper initials ‘QH’ stand for Quintin Hamilton of Barnacleuch and it must be assumed the lower set ‘MD’ for Marion Denham his wife, the date of marriage so far remains untraced but is presumably roughly contemporary to the spoon.

Little is known about Quintin Hamilton other than that he succeeded his father James Hamilton and took over the house and gardens at Barnacleuch, which had been constructed by his grandfather John Hamilton of Barnacleuch, Commissary of Hamilton and Campsie, in 1583. While the house at Barnacleuch was of no great note within Scottish stately home architecture it was the gardens created by John Hamilton that really stood out.

These terraced gardens he created with great vision and ambition, carving five terraces into the steep hillside from the house to the river Avon, and carried out large amounts of structural work. His visions and creations were no doubt inspired by his experiences travelling the world, which consumed a large part of his life.

Quintin and Marion are believed to have had five children and upon Quintin’s death in circa 1680 he was succeeded by his eldest son John who in turn died on 21st February 1705 without direct heir.

References

* Including buyer’s premium.